

#Jenny



Finally I get this ebook, thanks for all these I can get now!

#Rio



Cool! I'am really happy

#Markus Jensen



I did not think that this would work, my best friend showed me this website, and it does! I get my most wanted eBook

#Hun Tsu



wtf this great ebook for free?!

#Che Salsa



My friends are so mad that they do not know how I have all the high quality ebook which they do not!

#Diego Butler



so many fake sites. this is the first one which worked! Many thanks

2.2 Analysis
Equivalent static analysis considering hydrodynamic effect and response spectra analysis was conducted on the above selected models. For calculating the seismic weight of tank, weight of empty container, etc., weight of liquid is considered. Hydrodynamic forces were calculated considering spring mass model suggested by IS 1893:2002 part II. Tank is modelled in finite element software package ETABS. The walls are modelled as shell elements with an degree of freedom at each node. Beams and columns are modelled as frame elements. The lateral forces considering response and convergence masses due to earthquake are lumped at mass centre of tank along both the principal directions. An equal tank is assumed from top of container up to the mass centre of tank and lateral earthquake forces are lumped on equal tank in both the principal directions. For the present study CSD tank is taken as CSD type container. Finally parameters such as base shear, displacement, moments and time period for the above four models are presented. The weights of different components of tank is shown in table.

The parameters of spring mass model are (IS1893:2002) shown in table 1 below.

Table 1: Parameters of spring mass model

No.	Parameter	Value
1	incln	0.20
2	incln	0.65
3	incln	0.38
4	incln	0.28
5	incln	0.52
6	incln	1.2
7	Cc	4

Table 2: Weight of different Components

No.	Component	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4
1	Cover slab	405	405	405	405
2	Top Wall	708.75	708.75	708.75	708.75
3	Shear walls	NA	1187.93	NA	NA
4	Floor Slab	1730	1730	1730	1730
5	Frame Beams	146.3	129.99	146.3	146.3
6	Columns	1863.7	1863.7	1863.7	1863.7
7	Top Beams	344.13	344.13	344.13	344.13
8	Beams	NA	NA	184	184.17
9	Walls	152.18	152.18	152.18	152.18
10	Wt. of staging	1248.6	2052.68	2086.6	822.4

Wt. of Empty container	1620	1662.8	1638	1620
Wt. of Container +Wt. of staging	2803.8	2397.62	2313.5	2168.8

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3.1 Total Seismic Base

Total seismic lateral force for different models are shown in table 3 below.

Table 3: Total Seismic Base (kN)

Total Base	M1	M2	M3	M4
FX (kN)	344.93	656.37	600.07	505.51
FY (kN)	138.52	139.25	659.92	1270.91

3.2 Displacement and Base Shear

Lateral displacement is found to be minimum for Model M2. Base shear is maximum in M1 since the seismic weight of model M1 is less than other three models. It should be noted that the lateral force (due to other models) is about 40% to 50% less than other models, this is due to the fact that model M1 will have very light weight staging. Even though the lateral force is less the displacement in model M1 is far more than other three models.

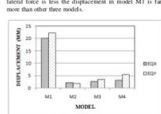


Fig 4: Lateral displacement

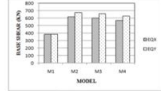


Fig 4B: Base Shear

[Download PDF version of : Seismic Behavior Of Liquid Filled Shells](#)